

MAT3

**MATHEMATICAL TRIPOS**      **Part III**

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Monday 10 June 2024    9:00 am to 11:00 am

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**PAPER 116****LARGE CARDINALS**

**Before you begin please read these instructions carefully**

Candidates have TWO HOURS to complete the written examination.

Attempt **BOTH** questions.

There are **TWO** questions in total.

The questions carry equal weight.

**STATIONERY REQUIREMENTS**

Cover sheet

Treasury tag

Script paper

Rough paper

**SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS**

None

<p><b>You may not start to read the questions printed on the subsequent pages until instructed to do so by the Invigilator.</b></p>
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**1** (a) Define the following terms including the definitions of any relevant terms you use in the definition:

- (i) strongly inaccessible cardinal,
- (ii) weakly compact cardinal,
- (iii) measurable cardinal and
- (iv) strongly compact cardinal.

[You may assume that the definitions of “ $\kappa^+$ ”, “ $2^\kappa$ ”, “ $[X]^2$ ”, “singular cardinal”, “regular cardinal”, “limit cardinal”, “filter”, “ultrafilter”, as well as the syntax and semantics of infinitary languages are known.]

(b) Prove that every measurable cardinal is strongly inaccessible.

[You may assume without proof that measurable cardinals are regular.]

(c) Prove that if  $\kappa$  is strongly compact, then every  $\kappa$ -complete filter on  $\kappa$  can be extended to a  $\kappa$ -complete ultrafilter.

(d) Prove that every strongly compact cardinal is measurable.

[You may assume without proof that strongly compact cardinals are regular.]

**2** (a) Explain what the phrase “a  $\beta$ -strong embedding reflects  $\beta$ -stable properties of  $\kappa$  to an unbounded subset of  $\kappa$ ” means, including the definitions of the italicised terms occurring in the phrase.

(b) Let  $\kappa$  be measurable,  $\lambda > \kappa$  be inaccessible, and  $j: \mathbf{V}_\lambda \rightarrow M$  be the ultrapower embedding. Furthermore, let  $\eta$  be such that  $M \models j(\kappa)^+ = \eta$ . Prove the following statements:

(i) If  $\kappa < \alpha < \kappa^+$ , then  $M \models “\alpha$  is not a cardinal”.

(ii)  $\mathbf{V}_\lambda \models “\eta$  is not a cardinal”.

[You may use results from the lectures without proof provided that you state them correctly.]

(c) Let  $\alpha$  be any ordinal,  $M$  be a transitive set, and  $j: \mathbf{V}_\alpha \rightarrow M$  be a non-trivial elementary embedding with  $\text{crit}(j) = \kappa$ . The proof of *Kunen’s Inconsistency* gives ordinals  $\beta$  and  $\gamma$  and a set  $X$  such that “if  $\alpha \geq \beta$ , then  $X \in \mathbf{V}_\gamma \setminus M$ ”. Provide  $\beta$ ,  $\gamma$ , and  $X$ .

[You do not need to prove the statement.]

(d) Suppose that  $\delta$  is a limit ordinal and  $j: \mathbf{V}_\delta \rightarrow \mathbf{V}_\delta$  is a non-trivial elementary embedding with  $\text{crit}(j) = \kappa < \delta$ . Show that  $\text{cf}(\delta) = \aleph_0$ .

[You may use results from the lectures without proof provided that you state them correctly.]

**END OF PAPER**