

MATHEMATICAL TRIPOS **Part III**

Thursday, 26 May, 2016 1:30 pm to 4:30 pm

PAPER 123

ALGEBRAIC NUMBER THEORY

*Attempt **ALL** questions.*

*There are **FOUR** questions in total.*

The questions carry equal weight.

STATIONERY REQUIREMENTS

Cover sheet

Treasury Tag

Script paper

SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

None

**You may not start to read the questions
printed on the subsequent pages until
instructed to do so by the Invigilator.**

1

State a version of Hensel's lemma, and use it to show that $\mathbb{Q}_3^\times / (\mathbb{Q}_3^\times)^3 \cong \mathbb{Z}/3\mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z}/3\mathbb{Z}$.

2

(a) Let K/\mathbb{Q}_p be a finite extension, and let L/K be a finite Galois extension. Define the upper and lower ramification groups of $G = \text{Gal}(L/K)$.

(b) Calculate the upper and lower ramification groups in case $K = \mathbb{Q}_3$ and L is the splitting field of the polynomial $f(X) = X^3 - 3$.

3

(a) Let K/\mathbb{Q}_p be a finite extension, and let $f(X) \in K[X]$ be a monic polynomial with $f(0) \neq 0$. Define the Newton polygon $N_K(f)$ of $f(X)$.

(b) Let L/K be a Galois, totally ramified extension of degree n , let $\pi \in \mathcal{O}_L$ be a uniformizer, and let $f(X) \in \mathcal{O}_K[X]$ denote the minimal polynomial of π . Let $g(X) = f(\pi X + \pi)/\pi^n X \in \mathcal{O}_L[X]$. Show that an integer m is a slope of $N_L(g)$ if and only if $G_m \neq G_{m+1}$.

4

Calculate, with justification, the Hilbert class field of $K = \mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{-31})$. [You may use the fact that the discriminant of the polynomial $f(X) = X^3 + aX + b$ equals $-4a^3 - 27b^2$.]

END OF PAPER