

MATHEMATICAL TRIPOS      Part III

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Thursday, 2 June, 2016    1:30 pm to 4:30 pm

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PAPER 108

TOPICS IN ERGODIC THEORY

*Attempt **ALL** questions.*

*There are **THREE** questions in total.*

*The questions carry equal weight.*

**STATIONERY REQUIREMENTS**

*Cover sheet*

*Treasury Tag*

*Script paper*

**SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS**

*None*

**You may not start to read the questions  
printed on the subsequent pages until  
instructed to do so by the Invigilator.**

## 1

State and prove the *maximal ergodic theorem*.

State the *pointwise ergodic theorem*.

Let  $(X, \mathcal{B}, \mu, T)$  be an ergodic measure preserving system. Let  $f : X \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$  be a measurable function. Prove that

$$\lim_{N \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} f(T^n x) = \int f d\mu.$$

for  $\mu$ -almost all  $x$ . Note that  $\int f d\mu$  may be infinite.

[You may use without proof the  $L^1$  version of the mean ergodic theorem, as well as the pointwise ergodic theorem.]

## 2

State *Szemerédi's theorem*.

State *Furstenberg's multiple recurrence theorem*, and prove that it implies Szemerédi's theorem.

[If you construct a measure preserving system in your proof, you may omit the proof of the measure preserving property.]

Prove the multiple recurrence theorem for the circle rotation.

## 3

Define *unique ergodicity*.

Prove that irrational circle rotations are uniquely ergodic.

Let  $\alpha \in (0, 1)$  be an irrational number. Consider the map  $T : \mathbb{R}^2/\mathbb{Z}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2/\mathbb{Z}^2$  defined by

$$T(x, y) = \{x + \alpha \pmod 1, x + y \pmod 1\}.$$

Prove that the measure preserving system  $(\mathbb{R}^2/\mathbb{Z}^2, \mathcal{B}, m_2, T)$  is ergodic, where  $\mathcal{B}$  is the Borel  $\sigma$ -algebra and  $m_2$  is the Lebesgue measure.

[You do not need to prove that  $m_2$  is  $T$ -invariant.]

Prove that the system  $(\mathbb{R}^2/\mathbb{Z}^2, T)$  is uniquely ergodic.

[You may NOT use without proof Furstenberg's theorem on unique ergodicity of skew products, but you may use without proof the basic properties of generic points.]

**END OF PAPER**