

# Demonstrations in Fluid Mechanics. (L8)

## *Non-Examinable (Part III Level)*

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While the equations governing most fluid flows are well known, they are often very difficult to solve. To make progress it is therefore necessary to introduce various simplifications and assumptions about the nature of the flow and thus derive a simpler set of equations. For this process to be meaningful, it is essential that the relevant physics of the flow is maintained in the simplified equations. Deriving such equations requires a combination of mathematical analysis and physical insight. Laboratory experiments play a role in providing physical insight into the flow and in providing both qualitative and quantitative data against which theoretical and numerical models may be tested.

The main purpose of this demonstration course is to help develop an intuitive ‘feeling’ for fluid flows, how they relate to simplified mathematical models, and how they may best be used to increase our understanding of a flow. Limitations of experimental data will also be encountered and discussed. Although the course is entitled ‘demonstrations’, the course has a history of including some novel experiments that have not, to our knowledge, been performed anywhere previously. Some of these have subsequently led to PhD projects. The course thus offers insight into how experiments can provide insight into previously unexplored (or undiscovered) phenomena.

The demonstrations will include a range of flows currently being studied in a range of research projects in addition to classical experiments illustrating some of the flows studied in lectures. The demonstrations are likely to include

- instability of jets, shear layers and boundary layers;
- gravity waves, capillary waves internal waves and inertial waves;
- thermal convection, double-diffusive convection, thermals and plumes;
- gravity currents, intrusions and hydraulic flows;
- vortices, vortex rings and turbulence;
- bubbles, droplets and multiphase flows;
- sedimentation and resuspension;
- avalanches and granular flows;
- flows in porous media and fluid flows relating to carbon sequestration;
- fluid flow and elastic deformation;
- ventilation and industrial flows;
- rotationally dominated flows;
- non-Newtonian and low Reynolds’ number flows;
- image processing techniques and methods of flow visualisation.

It should be noted that students attending this course are not required to undertake laboratory work on their own account, although participation is encouraged.

## **Pre-requisites**

Undergraduate Fluid Dynamics.

## **Literature**

1. M. Van Dyke. An Album of Fluid Motion. Parabolic Press.
2. G. M. Homsy, H. Aref, K. S. Breuer, S. Hochgreb, J. R. Koseff, B. R. Munson, K. G. Powell, C. R. Robertson, S. T. Thoroddsen. Multimedia Fluid Mechanics (Multilingual Version CD-ROM). CUP.
3. M. Samimy, K. Breuer, P. Steen, & L. G. Leal. A Gallery of Fluid Motion. CUP.