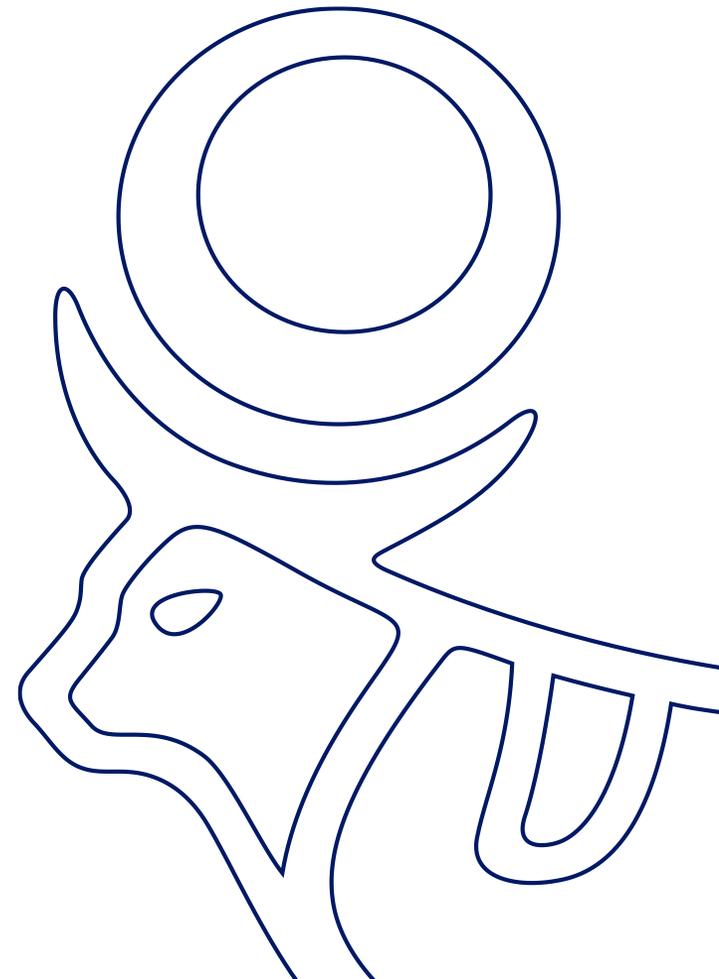


Exploring Gene Embeddings for Biological Analysis

CMP proposal 2026

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Novo Nordisk at a glance

Novo Nordisk is a leading global healthcare company, founded in 1923 and headquartered in Denmark.

Our purpose is to drive change to defeat serious chronic diseases, built upon our heritage in diabetes.

We do so by pioneering scientific breakthroughs, expanding access to our medicines, and working to prevent and ultimately cure disease.

Supplier of nearly **50%** of the world's insulin

Net sales **232.3** billion DKK

Affiliates in **80** countries

About **64,319** employees

Total tax contribution **51** billion DKK



R&D centres in China, Denmark, India, UK and US

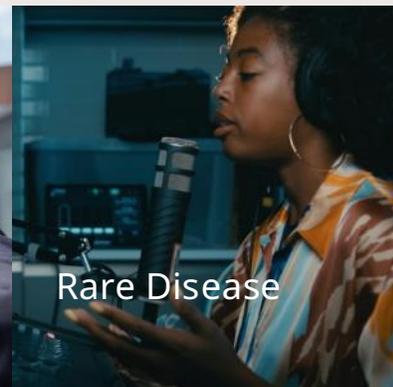


Strategic production sites in Denmark, Brazil, China, France and US

Globally, serving **41.6** million people living with diabetes and obesity



Cardiovascular & Emerging Therapy Areas



Rare Disease



Diabetes



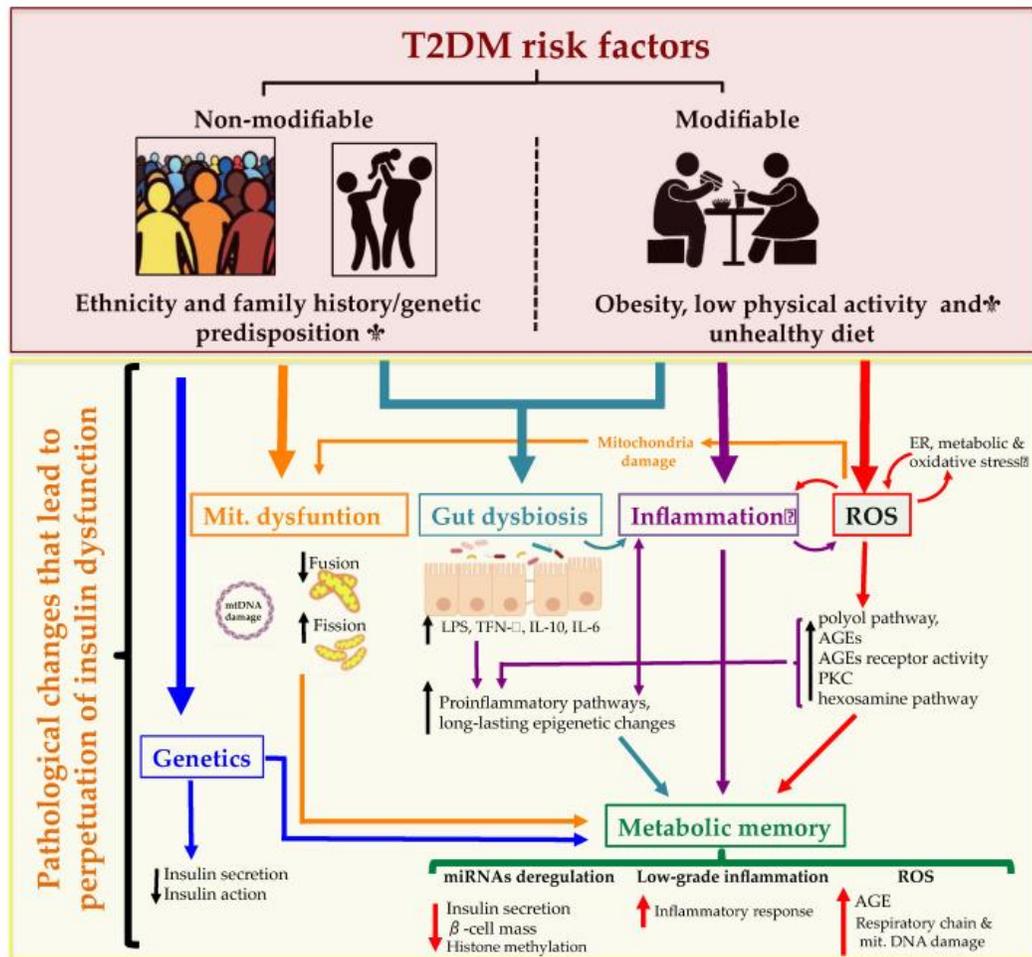
Obesity

A top ten pharma company measured by market value in 2025



Novo Nordisk Research Centre Oxford

Why is finding new drugs for CMDs so hard?



General R&ED steps for drug target discovery

1. Integrate various datasets with various approaches and identify drug target candidates.
2. Further evaluate the target in the lab:
 - Hypothesise target's mechanism of action (MoA)
 - Identify the tissue(s) of action (ToA)

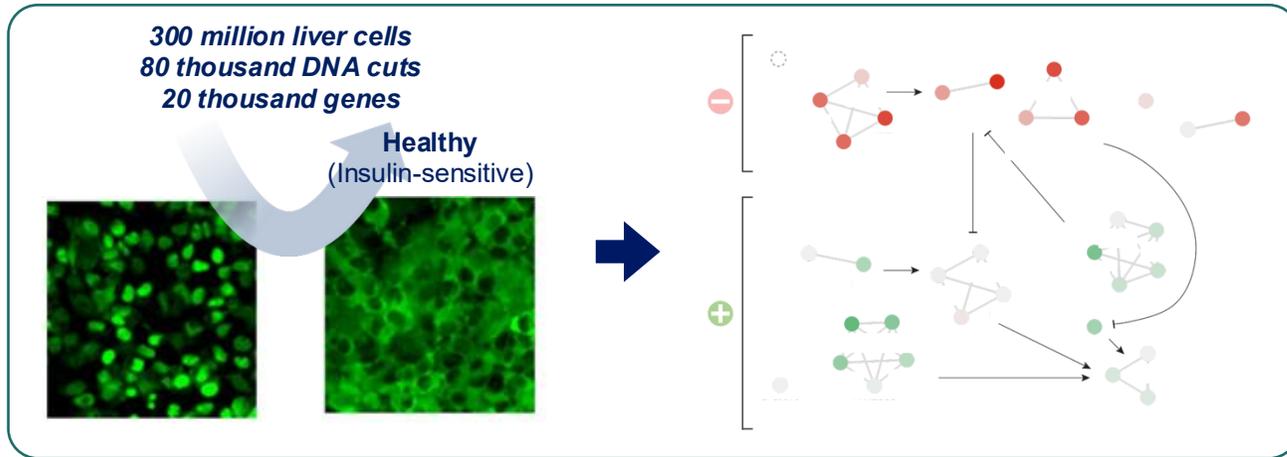
The challenge for this proposal

Gene embeddings from various data sources can harbour all relevant information from a gene's context.

- **How to make use of such gene embeddings?**
- **How to choose the most relevant embeddings?**

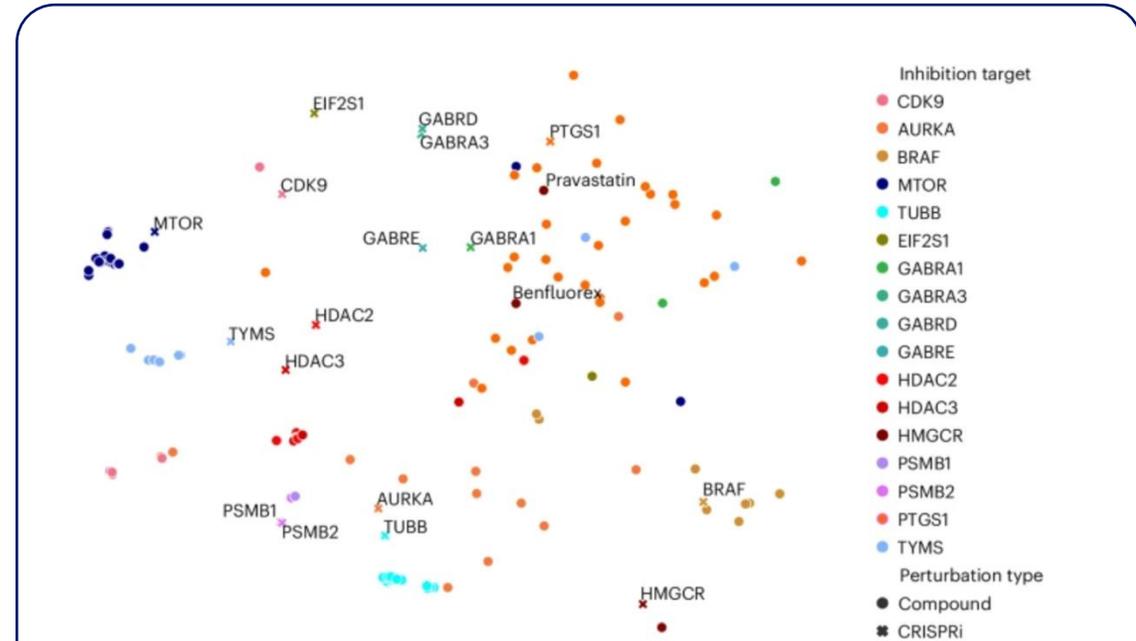
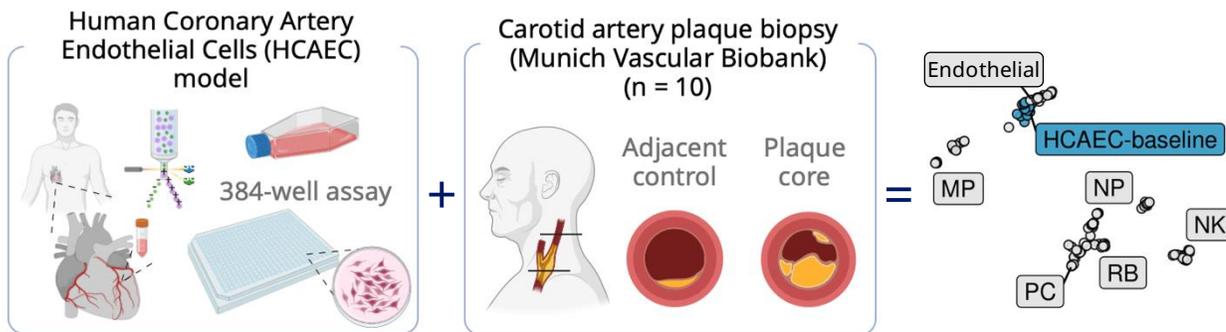
What can you do with Gene embeddings?

Inhouse applications



In-vitro model/assay evaluation

Cell-type resolved mRNA atlases & DRUGseq bring context to our in-vitro assays



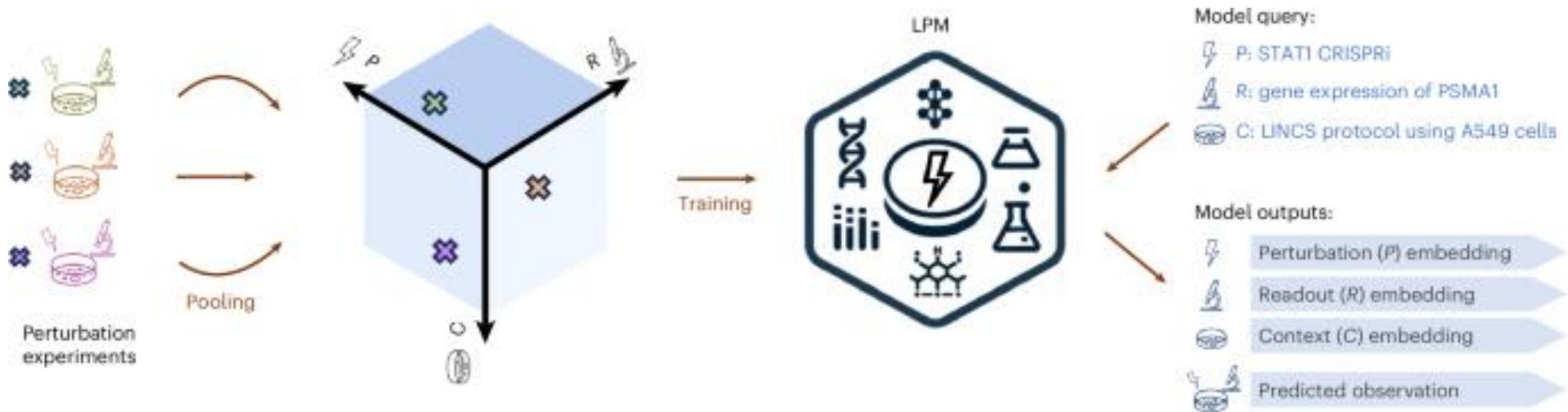
Learning compound-CRISPR perturbation representations

Figure from the large perturbation model (LPM) study*, inhouse we have had similar applications

* <https://www.nature.com/articles/s43588-025-00870-1>

What can you do with Gene embeddings?

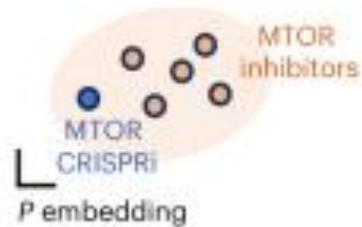
Public implementations and resources



Tasks:



What would be the outcome of unperformed experiments?



What molecular mechanisms is a compound acting on?



What molecular functions is a gene associated with?

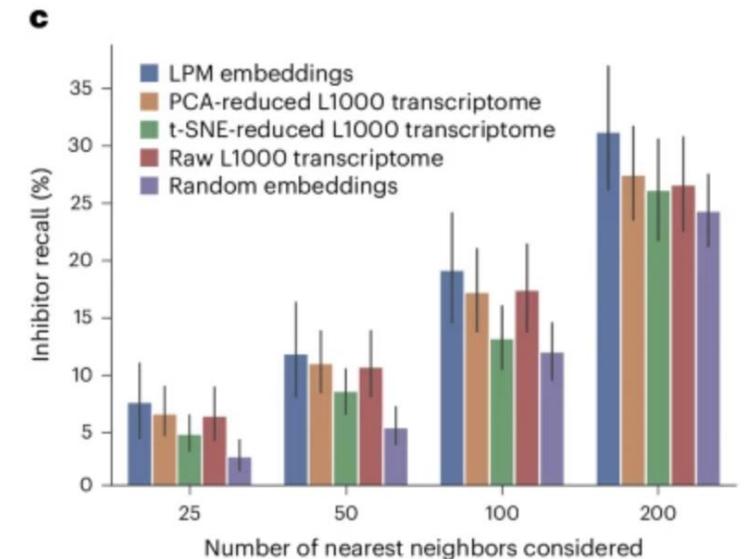


What gene-gene interactions exist for unseen perturbations?

Main task of this proposal

Inhouse implementation of the Large Perturbation Model (LPM) to shed light onto our prioritized Modes of Action and benchmarking to other existing approaches

<https://www.nature.com/articles/s43588-025-00870-1>



Biological relationships captured by gene embeddings

Each point represents a gene perturbation color-coded by the gene's molecular function.

The project consists of: 1) Implementing LPM inhouse. 2) Comparing its embeddings on the LINCS dataset to those derived from sequence, gene expression, ontology relationships, network interactions, and literature (LLMs).

The reasoning of the goal:

From experience we know that the performance of a FM depends on the dataset. The project is to implement this state-of-the-art approach and compare their biological relevance to other existing approaches, to identify the one that best fits our inhouse data.



Qs&Cs feel free to e-mail
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